

Package ‘tokenizers.bpe’

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Type Package

Title Byte Pair Encoding Text Tokenization

Version 0.1.3

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Description Unsupervised text tokenizer focused on computational efficiency. Wraps the 'YouTokenToMe' library <<https://github.com/VKCOM/YouTokenToMe>> which is an implementation of fast Byte Pair Encoding (BPE) <<https://aclanthology.org/P16-1162/>>.

URL <https://github.com/bnosac/tokenizers.bpe>

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports Rcpp (>= 0.11.5)

LinkingTo Rcpp

NeedsCompilation yes

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belgium_parliament	<i>Dataset from 2017 with Questions asked in the Belgium Federal Parliament</i>
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Description

Dataset from 2017 with Questions asked by members of the Belgian Federal Parliament.
 The dataset was extracted from <http://data.dekamer.be> and contains questions asked by persons in the Belgium Federal parliament.
 The questions are translated in Dutch and French.

The dataset contains the following information:

- doc_id: an identifier
- text: the question itself
- language: the language of the text

Source

<http://data.dekamer.be>, data is provided by http://www.dekamer.be in the public domain (CC0).

Examples

```
data(belgium_parliament)
str(belgium_parliament)
```

bpe	<i>Construct a Byte Pair Encoding model</i>
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Description

Construct a Byte Pair Encoding model on text

Usage

```
bpe(
  x,
  coverage = 0.9999,
  vocab_size = 5000,
  threads = -1L,
  pad_id = 0L,
  unk_id = 1L,
  bos_id = 2L,
  eos_id = 3L,
  model_path = file.path(getwd(), "youtokentome.bpe")
)
```

Arguments

x	path to the text file containing training data or a character vector of text with training data
coverage	fraction of characters covered by the model. Must be in the range [0, 1]. A good value to use is about 0.9999
vocab_size	integer indicating the number of tokens in the final vocabulary
threads	integer with number of CPU threads to use for model processing. If equal to -1 then minimum of the number of available threads and 8 will be used
pad_id	integer, reserved id for padding
unk_id	integer, reserved id for unknown symbols
bos_id	integer, reserved id for begin of sentence token
eos_id	integer, reserved id for end of sentence token
model_path	path to the file on disk where the model will be stored. Defaults to 'youtokentome.bpe' in the current working directory

Value

an object of class `youtokentome` which is defined at [bpe_load_model](#)

See Also

[bpe_load_model](#)

Examples

```
data(belgium_parliament, package = "tokenizers.bpe")
x <- subset(belgium_parliament, language == "french")
model <- bpe(x$text, coverage = 0.999, vocab_size = 5000, threads = 1)
model
str(model$vocabulary)

text <- c("L'appartement est grand & vraiment bien situe en plein centre",
        "Proportion de femmes dans les situations de famille monoparentale.")
```

```

bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "subwords")
bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")

encoded <- bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")
decoded <- bpe_decode(model, encoded)
decoded

## Remove the model file (Clean up for CRAN)
file.remove(model$model_path)

```

bpe_decode*Decode Byte Pair Encoding sequences to text***Description**

Decode a sequence of Byte Pair Encoding ids into text again

Usage

```
bpe_decode(model, x, ...)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class <code>youtokentome</code> as returned by bpe_load_model
x	an integer vector of BPE id's
...	further arguments passed on to <code>youtokentome_encode_as_ids</code>

Examples

```

data(belgium_parliament, package = "tokenizers.bpe")
x <- subset(belgium_parliament, language == "french")
model <- bpe(x$text, coverage = 0.999, vocab_size = 5000, threads = 1)
model
str(model$vocabulary)

text <- c("L'appartement est grand & vraiment bien situe en plein centre",
        "Proportion de femmes dans les situations de famille monoparentale.")
bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "subwords")
bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")

encoded <- bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")
decoded <- bpe_decode(model, encoded)
decoded

## Remove the model file (Clean up for CRAN)
file.remove(model$model_path)

```

bpe_encode*Tokenise text alongside a Byte Pair Encoding model*

Description

Tokenise text alongside a Byte Pair Encoding model

Usage

```
bpe_encode(
  model,
  x,
  type = c("subwords", "ids"),
  bos = FALSE,
  eos = FALSE,
  reverse = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

model	an object of class <code>youtokentome</code> as returned by bpe_load_model
x	a character vector of text to tokenise
type	a character string, either 'subwords' or 'ids' to get the subwords or the corresponding ids of these subwords as defined in the vocabulary of the model. Defaults to 'subwords'.
bos	logical if set to TRUE then token 'beginning of sentence' will be added
eos	logical if set to TRUE then token 'end of sentence' will be added
reverse	logical if set to TRUE the output sequence of tokens will be reversed

Examples

```
data(belgium_parliament, package = "tokenizers.bpe")
x <- subset(belgium_parliament, language == "french")
model <- bpe(x$text, coverage = 0.999, vocab_size = 5000, threads = 1)
model
str(model$vocabulary)

text <- c("L'appartement est grand & vraiment bien situe en plein centre",
        "Proportion de femmes dans les situations de famille monoparentale.")
bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "subwords")
bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")

encoded <- bpe_encode(model, x = text, type = "ids")
decoded <- bpe_decode(model, encoded)
decoded

## Remove the model file (Clean up for CRAN)
file.remove(model$model_path)
```

`bpe_load_model` *Load a Byte Pair Encoding model*

Description

Load a Byte Pair Encoding model trained with [bpe](#)

Usage

```
bpe_load_model(file, threads = -1L)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	path to the model
<code>threads</code>	integer with number of CPU threads to use for model processing. If equal to -1 then minimum of the number of available threads and 8 will be used

Value

an object of class `youtokentome` which is a list with elements

1. `model`: an Rcpp pointer to the model
2. `model_path`: the path to the model
3. `threads`: the threads argument
4. `vocab_size`: the size of the BPE vocabulary
5. `vocabulary`: the BPE vocabulary with is a data.frame with columns id and subword

Examples

```
## Reload a model
path <- system.file(package = "tokenizers.bpe", "extdata", "youtokentome.bpe")
model <- bpe_load_model(path)

## Build a model and load it again

data(belgium_parliament, package = "tokenizers.bpe")
x <- subset(belgium_parliament, language == "french")
model <- bpe(x$text, coverage = 0.999, vocab_size = 5000, threads = 1)
model <- bpe_load_model(model$model_path, threads = 1)

## Remove the model file (Clean up for CRAN)
file.remove(model$model_path)
```

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