

Package ‘spectrolab’

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Description Input/Output, processing and visualization of spectra taken with different spectrometers, including SVC (Spectra Vista), ASD and PSR (Spectral Evolution). Implements an S3 class spectra that other packages can build on. Provides methods to access, plot, manipulate, splice sensor overlap, vector normalize and smooth spectra.

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aggregate.spectra	<i>Aggregate spectra</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Applies FUN (and FUN_meta) over spectra aggregating by factor 'by'.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
aggregate(x, by, FUN, FUN_meta = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
by	vector of factors to guide the aggregation
FUN	function to be applied to value (and meta if FUN_meta is NULL)
FUN_meta	function to be applied to metadata. If NULL (default), same FUN applied to value is used.
...	extra args to FUN

Details

Argument FUN_meta is useful if you want to apply a different function to metadata and value. If you want to aggregate spectra and metadata using 'mean', 'sd', 'median' etc. but try to keep the text values, wrap your function in try_keep_txt(f).

Value

spectra object

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec_mean = aggregate(spec, by = names(spec), mean, try_keep_txt(mean))
```

apply_by_band	<i>Apply numeric function by band</i>
---------------	---------------------------------------

Description

apply_by_band is conceptually similar to `apply(as.matrix(x), 2, fun)`, but returns a spectra object while dealing with metadata and attributes. Applying a function that does not act on numeric values may crash the function or render all values NA.

Usage

```
apply_by_band(x, fun, na.rm = TRUE, keep_txt_meta = TRUE, name = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'spectra'
apply_by_band(x, fun, na.rm = TRUE, keep_txt_meta = TRUE, name = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
fun	numeric function to be applied to each band.
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs?
keep_txt_meta	boolean. try to keep text in the metadata?
name	name for each sample in the output spectra. The default (NULL) will give samples sequential numeric names. Recycled if necessary.
...	extra arguments passed to fun

Value

spectra

Methods (by class)

- `apply_by_band(spectra)`: Apply a numeric function by band

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec_mean = apply_by_band(spec, mean)
```

as.data.frame.spectra *Convert spectra to data.frame*

Description

Returns a data.frame that includes sample names, metadata (if present) and value data. One advantage over as.matrix, is that the metadata are returned.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
as.data.frame(
  x,
  row.names = NULL,
  optional = FALSE,
  fix_names = "none",
  metadata = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
row.names	does nothing. Here for compatibility with S3 generics
optional	does nothing. Here for compatibility with S3 generics
fix_names	Use make.names to normalize names? Pick one: "none" "row" "col" "both".
metadata	boolean. Include spectral metadata? Defaults to TRUE
...	extra parameters passed to the generic as_spectra

Value

data.frame with: sample_name, metadata (if any) and value.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
df = as.data.frame(spec, fix_names = "none")
```

as.matrix.spectra *Convert spectra to matrix*

Description

Convert spectra to matrix

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
as.matrix(x, fix_names = "none", ...)
```

Arguments

x spectra object
fix_names Use make.names to normalize names? Pick one: "none" "row" "col" "both".
... does nothing. Here for compatibility with S3 generics

Value

matrix of spectral value. columns are bands and rows are samples

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
mat = as.matrix(spec)
```

as_spectra *Convert matrix or data frame to spectra*

Description

Convert matrix or data frame to spectra

Usage

```
as_spectra(x, name_idx = NULL, meta_idx = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	matrix or dataframe. Samples are in rows and bands in columns. Any data that are not the spectra themselves (labels or metadata) must have their column index included in 'name_idx' or 'meta_idx's'.
name_idx	column index with sample names. Defaults to NULL. If NULL or 0, rownames(x) or a sequence of integers will be assigned as names.
meta_idx's	column indices with metadata (not name and not value). Defaults to NULL

Value

spectra object

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
```

as_spectra.data.frame *Convert data.frame to spectra*

Description

Convert data.frame to spectra

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
as_spectra(x, name_idx = NULL, meta_idx's = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
name_idx	column index with sample names. Defaults to NULL.
meta_idx's	column indices with metadata (not name and not value). Defaults to NULL

Value

spectra object

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

as_spectra.matrix *Convert matrix to spectra*

Description

Convert matrix to spectra

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as_spectra(x, name_idx = NULL, meta_idx = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	matrix
name_idx	column index with sample names. Defaults to NULL
meta_idx	column indices with metadata (not name and not value). Defaults to NULL

Value

spectra object

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

bands *Get spectra band labels*

Description

bands returns a vector of band labels from spectra

Usage

```
bands(x, min = NULL, max = NULL, return_num = TRUE)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
bands(x, min = NULL, max = NULL, return_num = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
min	= NULL
max	= NULL
return_num	boolean. return vector of numeric values (default). otherwise, a vector of strings is returned

`bands<-`

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Value

vector of bands. numeric if `'return_num' = TRUE` (default).

Methods (by class)

- `bands(spectra)`: Get spectra band labels

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
head(bands(spec))
```

`bands<-` *Set band labels*

Description

`bands` sets band labels of lhs to the rhs values

Usage

```
bands(x) <- value
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	spectra object (lhs)
<code>value</code>	rhs

Value

nothing. called for its side effect.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
bands(spec) = bands(spec) / 1000
```

`combine`*Combine spectral datasets*

Description

`combine` binds two spectral datasets. Both spectra must have the very same band labels, but different metadata are acceptable

Usage

```
combine(s1, s2)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
combine(s1, s2)
```

Arguments

```
s1          spectra object 1  
s2          spectra object 2
```

Value

combined spectra object

Methods (by class)

- `combine(spectra)`: Combines two spectral datasets

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
  
# Create dummy spectra datasets. Pretend that these are all different...  
s1 = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
s2 = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
s3 = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
  
# combine 2 spectra objects  
s_1and2 = combine(s1, s2)  
  
# combine n spectra objects using the `Reduce` function  
s_n = Reduce(combine, list(s1, s2, s3))
```

default_spec_regions *Return default spectral regions matrix*

Description

Return default spectral regions matrix

Usage

```
default_spec_regions()
```

Value

matrix with default_spec_regions

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
# matrix that defines regions on the spectra
# Useful for plotting w/ plot_regions()
```

dim.spectra *Get dimension of spectra*

Description

dim returns a vector with number of samples and bands (bands)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
dim(x)
```

Arguments

x spectra object

Value

tuple of integers: c("n_samples", "n_bands")

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
dim(spec)
```

guess_splice_at	<i>Guess splice bands (bounds between sensors)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Guess splice bands (bounds between sensors)

Usage

```
guess_splice_at(x)

## S3 method for class 'spectra'
guess_splice_at(x)
```

Arguments

x spectra object

Value

vector of band values

Methods (by class)

- guess_splice_at(spectra): Guess splice bands (bounds between sensors)

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

is_spectra	<i>Is it a spectra object?</i>
------------	--------------------------------

Description

is_spectra tests if the argument is a spectra class object

Usage

```
is_spectra(x)
```

Arguments

x any object

Value

boolean

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec1 = unclass(spec)
is_spectra(spec)
is_spectra(spec1)
```

make_fwhm	<i>Resample the FWHM to a new set of bands using a gaussian model</i>
-----------	---

Description

Resample the FWHM to a new set of bands using a gaussian model

Usage

```
make_fwhm(spec, new_bands, new_fwhm = NULL, return_type = "max", k = 3)
```

Arguments

spec	spectra object
new_bands	band values to resample the spectra to
new_fwhm	FWHM for the new bands
return_type	either "max" or "old". If "old" (default), it returns the fwhm inferred from the original's spectra bands. If max (default), it returns the max between the new and old fwhm.
k	number of unique FWHM to estimate

Value

FWHM as a numeric vector

match_sensors	<i>Match spectra at sensor transitions</i>
---------------	--

Description

match_sensors scales values of sensors 1 (VIS) and 3 (SWIR 2)

Usage

```
match_sensors(x, splice_at, fixed_sensor = 2, interpolate_wvl = c(5, 1))

## S3 method for class 'spectra'
match_sensors(x, splice_at, fixed_sensor = 2, interpolate_wvl = c(5, 2))
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
splice_at	bands that serve as splice points, i.e the beginnings of the rightmost sensor. Must be length 1 or 2 (max 3 sensors)
fixed_sensor	sensor to keep fixed. Can be 1 or 2 if matching 2 sensors. If matching 3 sensors, 'fixed_sensor' must be 2 (default).
interpolate_wvl	extent around splice_at values over which the splicing factors will be calculated. Defaults to 5

Details

Splice_at has no default because sensor transition points vary between vendors and individual instruments. The function guess_splice_at can help you guess what those values could be. However, splice_at is an important parameter though, so you should visually inspect your spectra before assigning it. Typical values in our own individual instruments were: SVC ~ c(990, 1900), ASD ~ c(1001, 1801).

If the factors used to match spectra are unreasonable, match_sensors will throw. Unreasonable factors (f) are defined as $0.5 > f > 3$ or NaN, which happens when the value for the right sensor is 0.

Value

spectra object

Methods (by class)

- `match_sensors(spectra)`: Match sensor overlap regions

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles and Anna Schweiger

max.spectra	<i>Maximum value</i>
-------------	----------------------

Description

max Returns the maximum value in a spectra object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
max(..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

...	spectra object
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs? Defaults to FALSE

Value

single numeric value

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
max(spec)
```

mean.spectra	<i>Mean spectrum</i>
--------------	----------------------

Description

mean computes the arithmetic mean spectrum.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
mean(x, na.rm = TRUE, keep_txt_meta = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs? Defaults to TRUE
keep_txt_meta	try to keep text in the metadata
...	nothing

Value

single spectrum

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
mean(spec)
```

median.spectra	<i>Median spectrum</i>
----------------	------------------------

Description

median computes the median spectrum

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
median(x, na.rm = TRUE, keep_txt_meta = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs? Defaults to TRUE
keep_txt_meta	try to keep text in the metadata
...	nothing

Value

single spectrum

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
median(spec)
```

meta

Get metadata

Description

meta returns metadata of spectra

Usage

```
meta(x, label = NULL, sample = NULL, simplify = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'spectra'
meta(x, label = NULL, sample = NULL, simplify = FALSE, quiet = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
label	metadata column index or label
sample	sample index or name
simplify	boolean. defaults to FALSE
quiet	boolean. warn about non-existent metadata? defaults to TRUE

Value

data frame or vector

Methods (by class)

- meta(spectra): get metadata

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec = normalize(spec)
meta(spec, "normalization_magnitude")
```

meta<-

Set metadata

Description

meta sets metadata

Usage

```
meta(x, label = NULL, sample = NULL) <- value
```

Arguments

x	spectra object (lhs)
label	metadata column label
sample	sample name
value	rhs. TODO

Value

nothing. called for its side effect

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
meta(spec, "random") = rnorm(nrow(spec), mean(10), sd = 2)
```

min.spectra	<i>Minimum value</i>
-------------	----------------------

Description

min Returns the minimum value in a spectra object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
min(..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

...	spectra object
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs? Defaults to FALSE

Value

single numeric value

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
min(spec)
```

names.spectra	<i>Get spectra sample names</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

Description

names returns a vector of sample names

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
names(x)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
---	----------------

Value

vector of sample names

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
names(spec)
```

names<-.spectra *Set spectra sample names*

Description

names assigns sample names to lhs

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'spectra'
names(x) <- value
```

Arguments

x	spectra object (lhs)
value	values to be assigned (rhs)

Value

nothing. called for its side effect.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
names(spec) = toupper(names(spec))
```

normalize	<i>Vector normalize spectra</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

normalize returns a spectra obj with vector normalized values. Normalization value for each spectrum computed as $\sqrt{\sum(x^2)}$

Usage

```
normalize(x, quiet = FALSE, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
normalize(x, quiet = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object. bands must be strictly increasing
quiet	boolean. Warn about change in y value units? Defaults to FALSE
...	nothing

Value

spectra object with normalized spectra

Methods (by class)

- `normalize(spectra)`: Vector normalize spectra

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
spec = normalize(spec)
```

Ops.spectra	<i>Arithmetic operators for spectra</i>
-------------	---

Description

Overloads arithmetic operators for spectra using ‘Ops.’

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
Ops(e1, e2)
```

Arguments

e1	lhs
e2	rhs

Value

Depends on the operator. math operators will return spectra and logical or comparison operators will return boolean matrices

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec1 = spec * 2
spec2 = spec + spec
all(spec1 == spec2)
```

pairwise_indices	<i>Pairwise indices</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

pairwise_indices computes pairwise spectral indices. Indices are computed as $(a - b) / (a + b)$ where a is the lower band. The column names of the resulting matrix are given as "alb".

Usage

```
pairwise_indices(x, max_out_elements = 5e+08)
```

Arguments

x spectra
 max_out_elements maximum number of elements in the output object

Value

list that includes the **indices** between bands a and b (column names alb) and the pairwise **band_combinations**

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)

# Resampling spectra since a spectral dataset with 2,001 bands
# results in 2,001,000 unique spectral indices per sample
new_bands = seq(400, 2400, 10)
spec = resample(spec, new_bands, make_fwhm(spec, new_bands) )
p_idx = pairwise_indices(spec)
```

plot.spectra	<i>Plot spectra</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

plot plots spectra.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
plot(x, ylab = "value", xlab = "band", col = "black", lty = 1, type = "l", ...)
```

Arguments

x spectra object
 ylab label for y axis. Defaults to "value".
 xlab label for x axis. Defaults to "band".
 col line color. Defaults to "black".
 lty line type. Defaults to 1.
 type type of plot. Meant to take either line "l" or no plotting "n".
 ... other arguments passed to matplot.

Value

nothing. Called for side effect.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
plot(spec, lwd = 1.2)
```

plot_interactive	<i>Plot spectra interactively</i>
------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Interactively plots spectra with a shiny app. Useful to inspect large datasets.

Usage

```
plot_interactive(
  spec,
  colpalette = function(n) RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n, "Dark2"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

spec	spectra object
colpalette	a color palette function, e.g. rainbow, terrain.colors, or a function returned by colorRampPalette() or colorRamps package
...	Other arguments passed to plot

Details

plot_interact limits the number of spectra displayed at once to 600 for performance reasons. As of now, the function does not return anything and does not have side effects. This means that spectra can be selected and highlighted but not yet deleted or subset from the shiny app.

Value

interactive plot

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles and Anna K. Schweiger

Examples

```
if(interactive()){
# Create a spectra object
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)

# Start interactive plot
plot_interactive(spec)
}
```

plot_quantile

Plot spectra quantiles

Description

plot_quantile plots polygons for the quantiles of spectra per band.

Usage

```
plot_quantile(
  spec,
  total_prob = 0.95,
  col = rgb(0, 0, 0, 0.1),
  border = TRUE,
  add = FALSE,
  na.rm = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

spec	spectra object
total_prob	total probability mass to encompass. Single number between 0.0 and 1.0. Defaults to 0.95.
col	polygon color
border	boolean. Draw border?
add	if add = FALSE (default), a new plot is created. Otherwise (add = TRUE), the quantile is added to the current plot.
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs to compute quantiles? Defaults to TRUE
...	other parameters passed to polygon() or to plot.

Value

nothing. Called for its side effect.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
plot_quantile(spec, total_prob = 0.5)
```

plot_regions	<i>Plot polygons for spectral regions</i>
--------------	---

Description

plot_regions plots polygons for default (VIS, NIR, SWIR 1, SWIR 2) or customized regions of the spectrum.

Usage

```
plot_regions(
  spec,
  regions = default_spec_regions(),
  col = grDevices::rgb(0.7, 0.7, 0.7, 0.3),
  border = FALSE,
  add = TRUE,
  add_label = TRUE,
  cex_label = 1,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

spec	spectra object
regions	matrix with spectral regions in columns and only two rows named "begin" and "end". Values are the bands where a spectral regions begins and ends. See details for how the default regions are defined.
col	color for regions. Single value or vector of length ncol (regions).
border	color for region borders. Defaults to FALSE (no border).
add	boolean. If TRUE (default) adds polygons to current plot (if a plot exists) or throws an error if a plot does not exist. If FALSE, a new plot is created **without** any spectra.
add_label	boolean. Add region column names on top of the polygons?
cex_label	label scale
...	additional parameters passed to polygon().

Details

Default regions: spec_regions = cbind("VIS" = c(begin = 400, end = 700), "NIR" = c(begin = 800, end = 1300), "SWIR1" = c(begin = 1550, end = 1800), "SWIR2" = c(begin = 2000, end = 2400)).

Value

nothing. Called for its side effect.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
plot_regions(spec, default_spec_regions())
plot(spec, add = TRUE)

# Alternatively, if you want to get fancy...
col_fun = colorRampPalette(c(rgb(1, 1, 0, 0.7),rgb(1, 0, 0, 0.7)), alpha = TRUE)
colors = col_fun(4)

plot_regions(spec,default_spec_regions(), col = colors)
plot(spec, add = TRUE)
```

print.spectra	<i>Print spectra</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

print prints basic information about the spectra obj to the console

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
...	other arguments passed to print. not implemented for spectra

Value

nothing. called for side effect

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
print(spec)
## or simply
spec
```

quantile.spectra	<i>Compute spectra quantiles</i>
------------------	----------------------------------

Description

quantile computes quantiles by band and returns them as 'spectra'.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
quantile(
  x,
  probs = c(0.025, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 0.975),
  na.rm = TRUE,
  names = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object. Must have at least the same number of sample that length(probs) has.
probs	Probabilities to compute quantiles. Must be a vector of numerics between 0.0 and 1.0. Defaults to c(0.025, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75, 0.975). Duplicated probs will be removed.
na.rm	remove NAs before computing quantiles? Defaults to TRUE
names	names for each quantile spectrum. If NULL (default), names are set to 'probs'. A char vector should otherwise be given. Recycled.
...	other arguments passed to quantile.

Value

spectra object with one spectrum for each prob

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
quantile(spec, probs = c(0.25, 0.75))
```

range.spectra	<i>Range of spectral values</i>
---------------	---------------------------------

Description

range Returns the range of (min, max) values in spectra

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
range(..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

...	spectra object
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs? Defaults to FALSE

Value

tuple of numeric values (min, max)

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
range(spec)
```

read_spectra	<i>Read files from various formats into 'spectra'</i>
--------------	---

Description

Read files from various formats into 'spectra'

Usage

```
read_spectra(  
    path,  
    format = NULL,  
    type = "target_reflectance",  
    extract_metadata = FALSE,  
    exclude_if_matches = NULL,  
    ignore_extension = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

path	Path to directory or input files.
format	File format. Defaults to NULL so spectrolab tries to guess it from the file name. Alternatively, use "asd" for ASD; "sig" for SVC (Spectra Vista); or "sed" for PSR (Spectral Evolution)
type	Data type to read. "target_reflectance", "target_radiance", or "reference_radiance". Defaults to "target_reflectance".
extract_metadata	Boolean. Defaults to FALSE. Only implemented for the Spectra Vista (.sig) and Spectral Evolution (.sed) file types.
exclude_if_matches	excludes files that match this regular expression. Example: "BAD"
ignore_extension	Boolean. If TRUE, the parser will try to read every file in path regardless of the expected extension.

Value

a single 'spectra' or a list of 'spectra' (in case files have incompatible band number or bands values)

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
dir_path = system.file("extdata", "Acer_example", package = "spectrolab")

spec      = read_spectra(path = dir_path, format = "sig")
```

resample	<i>Resample spectra</i>
----------	-------------------------

Description

Resample spectra

Usage

```
resample(spec, new_bands, fwhm)
```

Arguments

spec	spectra object
new_bands	band values to resample the spectra to
fwhm	FWHM for the new bands

Value

resampled spectra

sd	<i>Standard deviation</i>
----	---------------------------

Description

sd computes the standard deviation spectrum. Note that values will not reflect value anymore, but the sd of the value instead.

Usage

```
sd(x, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	a numeric vector or an R object which is coercible to one by <code>as.double(x)</code>
na.rm	logical. Should missing values be removed?

Value

standard deviation

sd.default	<i>Default standard deviation</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

Description

sd computes the standard deviation of the values in x. If na.rm is TRUE then missing values are removed before computation proceeds.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:  
sd(x, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	a numeric vector or an R object which is coercible to one by as.double(x)
na.rm	logical. Should missing values be removed?

Value

standard deviation of x

Examples

```
x = rnorm(n = 200, mean = 0, sd = 1)  
sd(x)
```

sd.spectra	<i>Standard deviation spectrum</i>
------------	------------------------------------

Description

Forces keep_txt_meta = TRUE

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
sd(x, na.rm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs?

Value

single spectrum

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
sd(spec)
```

smooth	<i>Generic Smoothing function</i>
--------	-----------------------------------

Description

Generic Smoothing function

Usage

```
smooth(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	data to smooth over
...	additional arguments

Value

smoothed data

smooth.default	<i>Default smoothing function</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Default smoothing function

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
smooth(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x data to smooth over
... additional arguments

Value

smoothed data

smooth.spectra *Smooth spectra*

Description

smooth runs each spectrum by a smoothing and returns the spectra

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
smooth(x, method = "gaussian", ...)
```

Arguments

x spectra object. bands must be strictly increasing
method Choose smoothing method: "gaussian" (default), "spline", or "moving_average"
... additional parameters passed to methods smooth_fwhm, smooth_spline, smooth_moving_avg

Value

a spectra object of with smoothed spectra

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
spec = smooth(spec)
```

smooth_fwhm	<i>Smooth spectra with a gaussian model</i>
-------------	---

Description

Smooth spectra with a gaussian model

Usage

```
smooth_fwhm(x, fwhm = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
fwhm	Full Width at Half Maximum.

Value

smoothed spectra

smooth_moving_avg	<i>Smooth moving average for spectra</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Smooth moving average for spectra

Usage

```
smooth_moving_avg(x, n = NULL, save_bands_to_meta = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
n	= NULL
save_bands_to_meta	boolean. keep lost ends of original wvls in metadata

Value

spectra object

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

smooth_spline	<i>Smooth spline functions for spectra</i>
---------------	--

Description

Gets spline functions for each spectrum in a spectra object.

Usage

```
smooth_spline(x, parallel = TRUE, return_fn = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object. bands must be strictly increasing
parallel	boolean. Do computation in parallel? Defaults to TRUE. Unfortunately, the parallelization does not work on Windows.
return_fn	Boolean. If TRUE, smooth_spline returns the spline functions instead of the smoothed spectra. Defaults to FALSE
...	additional parameters passed to smooth.spline except nknots, which is computed internally

Value

Smoothed spectra or, if return_fn = TRUE, a list of spline functions.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

spectra	<i>Spectra object constructor</i>
---------	-----------------------------------

Description

spectra "manually" creates a spectra object

Usage

```
spectra(value, bands, names, meta = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

value	N by M numeric matrix. N samples in rows and M bands in columns
bands	band names in vector of length M
names	sample names in vector of length N
meta	spectra metadata. defaults to NULL. Must be either of length or nrow equals to the number of samples (nrow(value) or length(names))
...	additional arguments to metadata creation. not implemented yet

Value

spectra object

Note

This function resorts to an ugly hack to deal with metadata assignment. Need to think a little harder to find a solution.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
# 1. Create a value matrix.
#   In this case, by removing the first column that holds the species name
rf = spec_matrix_example[ , -1]

# (2) Create a vector with band labels that match
#     the value matrix columns.
wl = colnames(rf)

# (3) Create a vector with sample labels that match
#     the value matrix rows.
#     In this case, use the first column of spec_matrix_example
sn = spec_matrix_example[ , 1]

# Finally, construct the spectra object using the `spectra` constructor
spec = spectra(value = rf, bands = wl, names = sn)
```

spec_matrix_example *Example spectral dataset*

Description

Simulated spectral dataset as a matrix. First column hold species names and the remaining ones store the spectra values. band labels are given as column names

Usage

```
spec_matrix_example
```

Format

An object of class `matrix` (inherits from `array`) with 50 rows and 2102 columns.

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

split.spectra	<i>Split spectra</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

split a spectra object into a list of spectra according to grouping f.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
split(x, f, drop = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
f	factor vector defining the grouping. Must have length <code>nrow(x)</code>
drop	NOT used
...	NOT used

Value

list of spectra

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
spec_list = split(spec, names(spec))
```

str.spectra	<i>Structure of the spectra object</i>
-------------	--

Description

Structure of the spectra object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
str(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	spectra object
...	additional args. not implemented

Value

prints to console

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
str(spec)
```

subset_by	<i>Subset spectra by factor</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

subset_by subsets spectra by a factor ‘by’ ensuring that it appears at most ‘n_max’ times **and** at least ‘n_min’ times in the dataset.

Usage

```
subset_by(x, by, n_min, n_max, random = TRUE)

## S3 method for class 'spectra'
subset_by(x, by, n_min, n_max, random = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	spectra object
by	vector coercible to factor and of same length as nrow(x)
n_min	int. only keep spectra with at least (inclusive) 'n_min' number of samples per unique 'by'.
n_max	int. keep at most (incl) this number of spectra per unique 'by'
random	boolean. Sample randomly or keep first n_max? Defaults to TRUE

Details

Note that subset_by forces you to provide both a minimum and a maximum number of spectra to be kept for each unique value of 'by'. In case you're interested in subsetting *only* based on 'n_min', set 'n_max' to 'Inf'.

Value

spectra

Methods (by class)

- subset_by(spectra): Subset spectra by factor

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)

# remove spec of species with less than 4 samples
spec = subset_by(spec, by = names(spec), n_min = 4, n_max = Inf)
```

summary.spectra

Summarize spectra

Description

Summarize spectra

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object spectra object
... additional params to summary. not used yet

Value

nothing yet (just prints to console)

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
summary(spec)
```

t.spectra *Spectra Transpose*

Description

spectra are not transposable. Transpose the value instead

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
t(x)
```

Arguments

x spectra

Value

No return value. Operation not allowed

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
s = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)

t(value(s))
t(as.matrix(s))
```

try_keep_txt	<i>Wrap function to try to keep text</i>
--------------	--

Description

Function operator returning a function *f* that tries to keep text.

Usage

```
try_keep_txt(f)
```

Arguments

f function to be applied

Details

try_keep_txt takes a function *f* as argument, typically a mathematical operation such as mean, median, etc. and returns a modified version of it that will try return a string of unique values in case function *f* emits a warning. Useful when aggregating over spectral metadata that has both numeric values (which you want to aggregate) and text values, which you want to keep.

Value

modified function *f* (*f'*).

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
g = try_keep_txt(mean)
g(c(1, 2))
g(c("a", "b"))
```

value	<i>Get spectra value</i>
-------	--------------------------

Description

value returns the value matrix from spectra

Usage

```
value(x)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'  
value(x)
```

Arguments

x spectra object

Value

matrix with samples in rows and bands in columns

Methods (by class)

- value(spectra): Get spectra value

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)  
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)  
is.matrix(value(spec))
```

value<-	<i>Set spectra value</i>
---------	--------------------------

Description

value<- Assigns the rhs to the value of the lhs spectra obj

Usage

```
value(x) <- value
```

Arguments

x spectra object
 value value to be assigned to the lhs

Value

nothing, called for its side effect

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
# scale all reflectance values by 2
value(spec) = value(spec) * 2
```

<code>var</code>	<i>Variance</i>
------------------	-----------------

Description

`var` computes the variance spectrum. Note that values will not reflect value anymore, but the variance of the value instead.

Usage

```
var(x, y = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, use)
```

Arguments

x a numeric vector, matrix or data frame
 y NULL (default) or a vector, matrix or data frame with compatible dimensions to x.
 na.rm logical. Should missing values be removed?
 use an optional character string giving a method for computing covariances in the presence of missing values. This must be (an abbreviation of) one of the strings "everything", "all.obs", "complete.obs", "na.or.complete", or "pairwise.complete.obs"

Value

variance

var.default	<i>Variance</i>
-------------	-----------------

Description

var computes the variance spectrum. Note that values will not reflect value anymore, but the variance of the value instead.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
var(x, y = NULL, na.rm = FALSE, use)
```

Arguments

x	a numeric vector, matrix or data frame
y	NULL (default) or a vector, matrix or data frame with compatible dimensions to x.
na.rm	logical. Should missing values be removed?
use	an optional character string giving a method for computing covariances in the presence of missing values. This must be (an abbreviation of) one of the strings "everything", "all.obs", "complete.obs", "na.or.complete", or "pairwise.complete.obs"

Value

variance

var.spectra	<i>Variance spectrum</i>
-------------	--------------------------

Description

Forces keep_txt_meta = TRUE

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
var(x, y = NULL, na.rm = TRUE, use)
```

Arguments

x	spectra
y	nothing
na.rm	boolean. remove NAs?
use	nothing

Value

single spectrum

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
var(spec)
```

[.spectra

Subset spectra

Description

``[`` Subsets spectra by sample names (rows) or (and) bands (columns)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'spectra'
x[i, j, simplify = TRUE]
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	spectra object
<code>i</code>	Sample names (preferred), index, or a logical vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code>
<code>j</code>	band labels, as numeric or character or a logical vector of length <code>ncol(x)</code> . Do not use indexes!
<code>simplify</code>	Boolean. If TRUE (default), single band selections are returned as a named vector of values

Details

Subset operations based on samples (first argument) will match sample names or indexes, in that order. The spectra constructor ensures that names are not numeric nor are coercible to numeric, such that `x[1:2,]` will return the first and second samples in the 'spectra' object. Subsetting based on bands (second argument) matches the band labels, not indices! That is, `x[, 600]` will give you the value data for the 600nm band and not the 600th band. Boolean vectors of the appropriate length can be used to subset samples and bands.

Value

usually a spectra object, but see param 'simplify'

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
head(names(spec), n = 3)
# by name
spec1 = spec[ "species_7" , ]
spec1
# by band
spec2 = spec[ , 400:700 ]
spec2
```

[<-spectra *Assign values to spectra*

Description

``[<-`` assigns the rhs values to spectra

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'spectra'
x[i, j] <- value
```

Arguments

x	spectra object (lhs)
i	Sample names (preferred), index, or a logical vector of length <code>nrow(x)</code>
j	band labels, as numeric or character or a logical vector of length <code>ncol(x)</code> . Do not use indexes!
value	value to be assigned (rhs). Must either data coercible to numeric or another 'spectra' obj

Value

nothing. modifies spectra as side effect

Author(s)

Jose Eduardo Meireles

Examples

```
library(spectrolab)
spec = as_spectra(spec_matrix_example, name_idx = 1)
spec[ , 400:500] = spec[ , 400:500] * 1.2
spec
```

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