

# Package ‘gg1d’

December 9, 2024

**Title** Exploratory Data Analysis using Tiled One-Dimensional Graphics

**Version** 0.1.0

**Description** Streamlines exploratory data analysis by providing a turnkey approach to visualising n-dimensional data which graphically reveals correlative or associative relationships between 2 or more features. Represents all dataset features as distinct, vertically aligned bar or tile plots, with plot types automatically selected based on whether variables are categorical or numeric.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**URL** <https://github.com/selkamand/gg1d>,  
<https://selkamand.github.io/gg1d/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/selkamand/gg1d/issues>

**Imports** assertions (>= 0.2.0), cli, ggiraph, ggplot2, ggtext,  
patchwork (>= 1.3.0), rank (>= 0.1.1), rlang

**Suggests** covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**Config/testthat.edition** 3

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**LazyData** true

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2024-12-09 19:40:02 UTC

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<a href="#">beautify</a>	<i>Make strings prettier for printing</i>
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### Description

Takes an input string and 'beautify' by converting underscores to spaces and

### Usage

```
beautify(string, autodetect_units = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

<code>string</code>	input string
<code>autodetect_units</code>	automatically detect units (e.g. mm, kg, etc) and wrap in brackets.

### Value

`string`

<a href="#">column_info_table</a>	<i>Parse a tibble and ensure it meets standards</i>
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### Description

Parse a tibble and ensure it meets standards

## Usage

```
column_info_table(
  data,
  maxlevels = 6,
  col_id = NULL,
  cols_to_plot,
  tooltip_column_suffix = "_tooltip",
  ignore_column_regex = "_ignore$",
  palettes,
  colours_default,
  colours_default_logical,
  verbose
)
```

## Arguments

<code>data</code>	data.frame to autoplot (data.frame)
<code>maxlevels</code>	for categorical variables, what is the maximum number of distinct values to allow (too many will make it hard to find a palette that suits). (number)
<code>col_id</code>	name of column to use as an identifier. If null, artificial IDs will be created based on row-number.
<code>cols_to_plot</code>	names of columns in <code>data</code> that should be plotted. By default plots all valid columns (character)
<code>tooltip_column_suffix</code>	the suffix added to a column name that indicates column should be used as a tooltip (string)
<code>ignore_column_regex</code>	a regex string that, if matches a column name, will cause that column to be exclude from plotting (string) (default: " <code>_ignore\$</code> ")
<code>palettes</code>	A list of named vectors. List names correspond to <code>data</code> column names (categorical only). Vector names to levels of columns. Vector values are colours, the vector names are used to map values in data to a colour.
<code>colours_default</code>	Default colors for categorical variables without a custom palette.
<code>colours_default_logical</code>	Colors for binary variables: a vector of three colors representing TRUE, FALSE, and NA respectively (character).
<code>verbose</code>	Numeric value indicating the verbosity level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>2:</b> Highly verbose, all messages.</li> <li><b>1:</b> Key messages only.</li> <li><b>0:</b> Silent, no messages.</li> </ul>

## Value

tibble with the following columns:

1. colnames
  2. coltype (categorical/numeric/tooltip/invalid)
  3. ndistinct (number of distinct values)
  4. plottable (should this column be plotted)
  5. tooltip\_col (the name of the column to use as the tooltip) or NA if no obvious tooltip column found
- 

gg1d

*AutoPlot an entire data.frame*

## Description

Visualize all columns in a data frame with gg1d's vertically aligned plots and automatic plot selection based on variable type. Plots are fully interactive, and custom tooltips can be added.

## Usage

```
gg1d(
  data,
  col_id = NULL,
  col_sort = NULL,
  order_matches_sort = TRUE,
  maxlevels = 6,
  verbose = 2,
  drop_unused_id_levels = FALSE,
  interactive = TRUE,
  return = c("plot", "column_info", "data"),
  palettes = NULL,
  sort_type = c("frequency", "alphabetical"),
  desc = TRUE,
  limit_plots = TRUE,
  max_plottable_cols = 15,
  cols_to_plot = NULL,
  tooltip_column_suffix = "_tooltip",
  ignore_column_regex = "_ignore$",
  convert_binary_numeric_to_factor = TRUE,
  options = gg1d_options(show_legend = !interactive)
)
```

## Arguments

data	data.frame to autoplot (data.frame)
col_id	name of column to use as an identifier. If null, artificial IDs will be created based on row-number.
col_sort	name of columns to sort on. To do a hierarchical sort, supply a vector of column names in the order they should be sorted (character).

order_matches_sort	should the column plots be stacked top-to-bottom in the order they appear in col_sort (flag)
maxlevels	for categorical variables, what is the maximum number of distinct values to allow (too many will make it hard to find a palette that suits). (number)
verbose	Numeric value indicating the verbosity level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>2</b>: Highly verbose, all messages.</li> <li>• <b>1</b>: Key messages only.</li> <li>• <b>0</b>: Silent, no messages.</li> </ul>
drop_unused_id_levels	if col_id is a factor with unused levels, should these be dropped or included in visualisation
interactive	produce interactive ggiraph visualisation (flag)
return	a string describing what this function should return. Options include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>plot</b>: Return the gg1d visualisation (default)</li> <li>• <b>colum_info</b>: Return a data.frame describing the columns the dataset.</li> <li>• <b>data</b>: Return the processed dataset used for plotting.</li> </ul>
palettes	A list of named vectors. List names correspond to <b>data</b> column names (categorical only). Vector names to levels of columns. Vector values are colours, the vector names are used to map values in data to a colour.
sort_type	controls how categorical variables are sorted. Numerical variables are always sorted in numerical order irrespective of the value given here. Options are alphabetical or frequency
desc	sort in descending order (flag)
limit_plots	throw an error when there are > max_plottable_cols in dataset (flag)
max_plottable_cols	maximum number of columns that can be plotted (default: 15) (number)
cols_to_plot	names of columns in <b>data</b> that should be plotted. By default plots all valid columns (character)
tooltip_column_suffix	the suffix added to a column name that indicates column should be used as a tooltip (string)
ignore_column_regex	a regex string that, if matches a column name, will cause that column to be exclude from plotting (string) (default: "_ignore\$")
convert_binary_numeric_to_factor	If a numeric column contains only values 0, 1, & NA, then automatically convert to a factor.
options	a list of additional visual parameters created by calling <a href="#">gg1d_options()</a> . See <a href="#">gg1d_options</a> for details.

## Value

ggiraph interactive visualisation

## Examples

```
path_gg1d <- system.file("example.csv", package = "gg1d")
df <- read.csv(path_gg1d, header = TRUE, na.strings = "")

# Create Basic Plot
gg1d(df, col_id = "ID", col_sort = "Glasses")

# Configure plot gg1d_options()
gg1d(
  lazy_birdwatcher,
  col_sort = "Magpies",
  palettes = list(
    Birdwatcher = c(Robert = "#E69F00", Catherine = "#999999"),
    Day = c(Weekday = "#999999", Weekend = "#009E73")
  ),
  options = gg1d_options(
    show_legend = TRUE,
    fontsize_barplot_y_numbers = 12,
    legend_text_size = 16,
    legend_key_size = 1,
    legend_nrow = 1,
  )
)
```

### **gg1d\_options**

### *Visual Parameters for gg1d Plots*

## Description

Configures aesthetic and layout settings for plots generated by gg1d.

## Usage

```
gg1d_options(
  colours_default = c("#66C2A5", "#FC8D62", "#8DA0CB", "#E78AC3", "#A6D854", "#FFD92F",
  "#E5C494"),
  colours_default_logical = c(`TRUE` = "#648fff", `FALSE` = "#dc267f"),
  colours_missing = "grey90",
  show_legend_titles = FALSE,
  legend_title_position = c("top", "bottom", "left", "right"),
  legend_nrow = 4,
  legend_ncol = NULL,
  legend_title_size = NULL,
  legend_text_size = NULL,
  legend_key_size = 0.3,
  legend_orientation_heatmap = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  show_legend = TRUE,
```

```

legend_position = c("right", "left", "bottom", "top"),
na_marker = "!",
na_marker_size = 8,
na_marker_colour = "black",
show_na_marker_categorical = FALSE,
show_na_marker_heatmap = FALSE,
colours_heatmap_low = "purple",
colours_heatmap_high = "seagreen",
transform_heatmap = c("identity", "log10", "log2"),
fontsize_values_heatmap = 3,
show_values_heatmap = FALSE,
colours_values_heatmap = "white",
vertical_spacing = 0,
numeric_plot_type = c("bar", "heatmap"),
y_axis_position = c("left", "right"),
width = 0.9,
relative_height_numeric = 4,
cli_header = "Running gg1d",
interactive_svg_width = NULL,
interactive_svg_height = NULL,
fontsize_barplot_y_numbers = 8,
max_digits_barplot_y_numbers = 3,
fontsize_y_title = 12,
beautify_text = TRUE
)

```

## Arguments

colours_default	Default colors for categorical variables without a custom palette.
colours_default_logical	Colors for binary variables: a vector of three colors representing TRUE, FALSE, and NA respectively (character).
colours_missing	Color for missing (NA) values in categorical plots (string).
show_legend_titles	Display titles for legends (flag).
legend_title_position	Position of the legend title ("top", "bottom", "left", "right").
legend_nrow	Number of rows in the legend (number).
legend_ncol	Number of columns in the legend. If set, legend_nrow should be NULL (number).
legend_title_size	Size of the legend title text (number).
legend_text_size	Size of the text within the legend (number).

**legend\_key\_size**  
 Size of the legend key symbols (number).

**legend\_orientation\_heatmap**  
 should legend orientation be "horizontal" or "vertical".

**show\_legend** Display the legend on the plot (flag).

**legend\_position**  
 Position of the legend ("right", "left", "bottom", "top").

**na\_marker** Text used to mark NA values in numeric plots (string).

**na\_marker\_size** Size of the text marker for NA values (number).

**na\_marker\_colour**  
 Color of the NA text marker (string).

**show\_na\_marker\_categorical**  
 Show a marker for NA values on categorical tiles (flag).

**show\_na\_marker\_heatmap**  
 Show a marker for NA values on heatmap tiles (flag).

**colours\_heatmap\_low**  
 Color for the lowest value in heatmaps (string).

**colours\_heatmap\_high**  
 Color for the highest value in heatmaps (string).

**transform\_heatmap**  
 Transformation to apply before visualizing heatmap values ("identity", "log10", "log2").

**fontsize\_values\_heatmap**  
 Font size for heatmap values (number).

**show\_values\_heatmap**  
 Display numerical values on heatmap tiles (flag).

**colours\_values\_heatmap**  
 Color for heatmap values (string).

**vertical\_spacing**  
 Space between each data row in points (number).

**numeric\_plot\_type**  
 Type of visualization for numeric data: "bar" or "heatmap".

**y\_axis\_position**  
 Position of the y-axis ("left" or "right").

**width**  
 controls how much space is present between bars and tiles within each plot. Can be 0-1 where values of 1 makes bars/tiles take up 100% of available space (no gaps between bars).

**relative\_height\_numeric**  
 how many times taller should numeric plots be relative to categorical tile plots.  
 Only taken into account if numeric\_plot\_type == "bar" (number)

**cli\_header**  
 Text used for h1 header. Included so it can be tweaked by packages that use gg1d, so they can customise how the info messages appear.

**interactive\_svg\_width, interactive\_svg\_height**  
 width and height of the interactive graphic region (in inches). Only used when interactive = TRUE.

```

fontsize_barplot_y_numbers
    fontsize of the text describing numeric barplot max & min values (number).
max_digits_barplot_y_numbers
    Number of digits to round the numeric barplot max and min values to (number).
fontsize_y_title
    fontsize of the y axis titles (a.k.a the data.frame column names) (number).
beautify_text  Beautify y-axis text and legend titles by capitalizing words and adding spaces
                (flag).

```

**Value**

A list of visualization parameters for gg1d.

**Examples**

```

path_gg1d <- system.file("example.csv", package = "gg1d")
df <- read.csv(path_gg1d, header = TRUE, na.strings = "")

# Create Basic Plot
gg1d(df, col_id = "ID", col_sort = "Glasses")

# Configure plot gg1d_options()
gg1d(
  lazy_birdwatcher,
  col_sort = "Magpies",
  palettes = list(
    Birdwatcher = c(Robert = "#E69F00", Catherine = "#999999"),
    Day = c(Weekday = "#999999", Weekend = "#009E73")
  ),
  options = gg1d_options(
    show_legend = TRUE,
    fontsize_barplot_y_numbers = 12,
    legend_text_size = 16,
    legend_key_size = 1,
    legend_nrow = 1,
  )
)

```

lazy\_birdwatcher      *Lazy Birdwatcher Dataset*

**Description**

A simulated dataset describing the number of magpies observed by two birdwatchers.

**Usage**

lazy\_birdwatcher

**Format**

`lazy_birdwatcher:`

A data frame with 45 rows and 3 columns:

**Magpies** Number of magpies observed

**Day** Was the day of observation a weekday or a weekend?

**Birdwatcher** Name of the birdwatcher

---

`sensible_2_breaks`      *GGplot breaks*

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**Description**

Find sensible values to add 2 breaks at for a ggplot2 axis

**Usage**

`sensible_2_breaks(vector)`

**Arguments**

`vector`      vector fed into ggplot axis you want to define sensible breaks for

**Value**

vector of length 2. first element describes upper break position, lower describes lower break

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