

Package ‘disto’

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Type Package

Title Unified Interface to Distance, Dissimilarity, Similarity
Matrices

Version 0.2.0

Description Provides a high level API to interface over sources storing distance, dissimilarity, similarity matrices with matrix style extraction, replacement and other utilities. Currently, in-memory dist object backend is supported.

URL <https://github.com/talegari/disto>

BugReports <https://github.com/talegari/disto/issues>

Imports proxy (>= 0.4.19), dplyr (>= 0.7.4), assertthat (>= 0.2.0),
fastmatch(>= 1.1.0), tidyr (>= 0.8.0), factoextra (>= 1.0.5),
ggplot2 (>= 2.2.1), broom (>= 0.4.4), fastcluster (>= 1.1.25),
pbapply (>= 1.3.4),

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as.data.frame.disto *Convert a disto object to dataframe*

Description

Convert the underlying data of a disto object to a dataframe in long format (3 columns: item1, item2, distance). This might be a costly operation and should be used with caution.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x object of class disto
 ... arguments for [tidy](#)

Value

a dataframe in long format

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
dio
head(as.data.frame(dio))
```

dapply *Matrix like apply function for disto object*

Description

Apply function for data underlying disto object

Usage

```
dapply(x, margin = 1, fun, subset, nproc = 1)
```

Arguments

x	disto object
margin	(one among 1 or 2) dimension to apply function along
fun	Function to apply over the margin
subset	(integer vector) Row/Column numbers along the margin
nproc	Number of parallel processes (unix only)

Value

```
Simplified output of 'sapply' like function temp <- dist(iris[,1:4]) dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
# function to pick indexes of 5 nearest neighbors # an efficient alternative with Rcpp is required udf
<- function(x) dim(x) <- NULL order(x)[1:6]
hi <- dapply(dio, 1, udf)[-1, ] dim(hi)
```

disto *Constructor for class 'disto'*

Description

Create mapping to data sources storing distances(symmetric), dissimilarities(non-symmetric), similarities and so on

Provides a high level API to interface over backends storing distance, dissimilarity, similarity matrices with matrix style extraction, replacement and other utilities. Currently, in-memory dist object backend is supported.

Usage

```
disto(..., backend = "dist")
```

Arguments

... Arguments for a backend. See details
backend (string) Specify a backend. Currently supported: 'dist'

Details

This is a wrapper to create a 'disto' handle over different backends storing distances, dissimilarities, similarities etc with minimal data overhead like a database connection. The following named arguments are required to set-up the backend:

- **dist:**
 - objectname: Object of the class 'dist' or the name of the object as a 'string'.
 - env: Environment where the object exists. When this is missing, its assumed to be parent environment.

Value

Object of class 'disto' which is a thin wrapper on a list

Author(s)

Srikanth KS

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/talegari/disto>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/talegari/disto/issues>

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])  
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")  
dio  
unclass(dio)
```

disto_dist

Constructor of disto with dist backend

Description

Constructor of disto with dist backend

Usage

```
disto_dist(arguments)
```

Arguments

arguments to construct disto object

Details

to be used by disto constructor function

Value

returns a list

dist_extract	<i>Matrix style extraction from dist object</i>
--------------	---

Description

Matrix style extraction supports 'inner' and 'outer'(default) products

Usage

```
dist_extract(object, i, j, k, product = "outer")
```

Arguments

object	dist object
i	(integer vector) row positions
j	(integer vector) column positions
k	(integer vector) positions
product	(string) One among: 'inner', 'outer'(default)

Details

In k-mode, both i and j should be missing and k should not be missing. In ij-mode, k should be missing and both i and j are optional. If i or j are missing, they are interpreted as all values of i or j (similar to matrix or dataframe subsetting). If i and j are of unequal length, the smaller one is recycled.

Value

A matrix or vector of distances when product is 'outer' and 'inner' respectively

Examples

```

# examples for dist_extract

# create a dist object
temp <- dist(iris[,1:4])
attr(temp, "Labels") <- outer(letters, letters, paste0)[1:150]
head(temp)
max(temp)
as.matrix(temp)[1:5, 1:5]

dist_extract(temp, 1, 1)
dist_extract(temp, 1, 2)
dist_extract(temp, 2, 1)
dist_extract(temp, "aa", "ba")

dist_extract(temp, 1:10, 11:20)
dim(dist_extract(temp, 1:10, ))
dim(dist_extract(temp, , 1:10))
dist_extract(temp, 1:10, 11:20, product = "inner")
length(dist_extract(temp, 1:10, , product = "inner"))
length(dist_extract(temp, , 1:10, product = "inner"))

dist_extract(temp, c("aa", "ba", "ca"), c("ca", "da", "fa"))
dist_extract(temp, c("aa", "ba", "ca"), c("ca", "da", "fa"), product = "inner")

dist_extract(temp, k = 1:3) # product is always inner when k is specified

```

dist_ij_k

Vectorized version of dist_ij_k_

Description

Convert ij indexes to k indexes for a dist object

Usage

```
dist_ij_k(i, j, size)
```

Arguments

i	row indexes
j	column indexes
size	value of size attribute of the dist object

Value

k indexes

dist_ij_k_	<i>Convert ij index to k index</i>
------------	------------------------------------

Description

Convert ij index to k index for a dist object

Usage

```
dist_ij_k_(i, j, size)
```

Arguments

i	row index
j	column index
size	value of size attribute of the dist object

Value

k index

dist_k_ij	<i>Vectorized version of dist_k_ij_</i>
-----------	---

Description

Convert kth indexes to ij indexes of a dist object

Usage

```
dist_k_ij(k, size)
```

Arguments

k	kth indexes
size	value of size attribute of the dist object

Value

ij indexes as 2*n matrix where n is length of k vector

dist_k_ij_	<i>Convert kth index to ij index</i>
------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Convert kth index to ij index of a dist object

Usage

```
dist_k_ij_(k, size)
```

Arguments

k	kth index
size	value of size attribute of the dist object

Value

ij index as a length two integer vector

dist_replace	<i>Replacement values in dist</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Replacement values of a dist object with either ij or position indexing

Usage

```
dist_replace(object, i, j, value, k)
```

Arguments

object	dist object
i	(integer vector) row positions
j	(integer vector) column positions
value	(integer/numeric vector) Values to replace
k	(integer vector) positions

Details

There are two modes to specify the positions:

- ij-mode where i and j are specified and k is missing. If i or j are missing, they are interpreted as all values of i or j (similar to matrix or dataframe subsetting). Lengths of i, j are required to be same. If 'value' is singleton, then it is extended to the length of i or j. Else, 'value' should have same length as i or j.
- k-mode where k is present and both i and k are missing. k is the positions in the dist object. If 'value' is singleton, then it is extended to the length of k. Else, 'value' should have same length as k.

Value

dist object

Examples

```
# create a dist object
d <- dist(iris[,1:4])
attr(d, "Labels") <- outer(letters, letters, paste0)[1:150]
head(d)
max(d)
as.matrix(d)[1:5, 1:5]

# replacement in ij-mode
d <- dist_replace(d, 1, 2, 100)
dist_extract(d, 1, 2, product = "inner")
d <- dist_replace(d, "ca", "ba", 102)
dist_extract(d, "ca", "ba", product = "inner")

d <- dist_replace(d, 1:5, 6:10, 11:15)
dist_extract(d, 1:5, 6:10, product = "inner")
d <- dist_replace(d, c("ca", "da"), c("aa", "ba"), 102)
dist_extract(d, c("ca", "da"), c("aa", "ba"), product = "inner")

# replacement in k-mode
d <- dist_replace(d, k = 2, value = 101)
dist_extract(d, k = 2)
dist_extract(d, 3, 1, product = "inner") # extracting k=2 in ij-mode
```

dist_subset

dist_subset

Description

Compute subset faster than regular '[' on a dist object. This is from **proxy** package (not exported by proxy).

Usage

```
dist_subset(x, subset, ...)
```

Arguments

x	dist object
subset	index of the subset. This has to be unique.
...	additional arguments

Value

returns a dist subset

names.disto	<i>Get names/labels</i>
-------------	-------------------------

Description

Get names/labels of the underlying distance storing backend

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'  
names(x)
```

Arguments

x	disto object
---	--------------

Value

A character vector

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])  
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")  
dio  
names(dio) <- paste0("a", 1:150)
```

plot.disto	<i>Plot a disto object</i>
------------	----------------------------

Description

Various plotting options for subsets of disto objects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'  
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class disto
...	Additional arguments. See details.

Details

Among the additional arguments,

- `type`: is mandatory. Currently, these options are supported: heatmap, dendrogram.
- `sampleSize`: A random sample of indexes is drawn from the distance object underlying the disto mapping. Default value of `sampleSize` is set to 100.
- `seed`: seed for random sample. Default is 100.

Value

ggplot object

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])  
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")  
plot(dio, type = "heatmap")  
plot(dio, type = "dendrogram")
```

print.disto	<i>Print method for dist class</i>
-------------	------------------------------------

Description

Print method for dist class

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class disto
...	currently not in use

Value

invisible NULL. Function writes backend type and size to terminal as a message.

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])  
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")  
print(dio)
```

size	<i>Obtain size of the disto object</i>
------	--

Description

Obtain size of the disto object

Usage

```
size(disto, ...)
```

Arguments

disto	object of class disto
...	currently not in use

Value

Integer vector of length 1

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio  <- disto(objectname = "temp")
size(dio)
```

summary.disto	<i>Summary method for dist class</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Summary method for dist class

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	object of class disto
...	currently not in use

Value

invisibly returns the tidy output of summary as a dataframe.

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio  <- disto(objectname = "temp")
dio
summary(dio)
```

'names<-'.disto'	<i>Set names/labels</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Set names/labels of the underlying distance storing backend

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'disto'
names(x) <- value
```

Arguments

x	disto object
value	A character vector

Value

invisible disto object

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
dio
names(dio) <- paste0("a", 1:150)
```

'[.disto'

Extract from a disto object in matrix style extraction

Description

Extract a disto object in matrix style extraction and via direct indexing. 'product' specification allows both outer (matrix output, default option) and inner (vector) product type extraction. For dist backend see: [dist_extract](#).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'disto'
x[i, j, k, product = "outer"]
```

Arguments

x	object of class 'disto'
i	(integer vector) row indexes
j	(integer vector) column indexes
k	(integer vector) direct indexes
product	(string) One among: "inner", "outer"

Value

When product is 'outer', returns a matrix. Else, a vector.

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
dio
names(dio) <- paste0("a", 1:150)

dio[1, 2]
dio[2, 1]
dio[c("a1", "a10"), c("a5", "a72")]
dio[c("a1", "a10"), c("a5", "a72"), product = "inner"]
dio[k = c(1,3,5)]
```

'[<- .disto'

*In-place replacement of values***Description**

For dist backend see: [dist_replace](#).

Usage

```
## S3 replacement method for class 'disto'
x[i, j, k] <- value
```

Arguments

x	object of class 'disto'
i	(integer vector) row index
j	(integer vector) column index
k	(integer vector) direct index
value	(integer/numeric vector) Values to replace

Value

Invisible disto object. Note that this function is called for its side effect.

Examples

```
temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
names(dio) <- paste0("a", 1:150)
dio

dio[1, 2] <- 10
dio[1,2]

dio[1:10, 2:11] <- 100
```

```

dio[1:10, 2:11, product = "inner"]

dio[paste0("a", 1:5), paste0("a", 6:10)] <- 101
dio[paste0("a", 1:5), paste0("a", 6:10), product = "inner"]

```

`'[[.disto'` *Extract a single value from disto object*

Description

Extract a single value from disto object in matrix style extraction and via direct indexing. This does not support using names. This is faster than `link{extract}`. For dist backend see: [dist_extract](#).

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'disto'
x[[i, j, k]]

```

Arguments

x	object of class 'disto'
i	(integer vector) row index
j	(integer vector) column index
k	(integer vector) direct index

Value

(A real number) Distance value

Examples

```

temp <- stats::dist(iris[,1:4])
dio <- disto(objectname = "temp")
dio

dio[[1, 2]]
dio[[2, 1]]
dio[[k = 3]]

```


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