

Package ‘STDistance’

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Title Spatial Transcriptomics Distance Calculation and Visualization

Version 0.6.4

Description Analysis of spatial relationships between cell types in spatial transcriptomics data. Spatial proximity is a critical factor in cell-cell communication. The package calculates nearest neighbor distances between specified cell types and provides visualization tools to explore spatial patterns. Applications include studying cell-cell interactions, immune microenvironment characterization, and spatial organization of tissues.

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Encoding UTF-8

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Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

Imports dplyr, ggplot2, Hmisc, scales, stats, RColorBrewer, tidyR,

Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown

LazyData true

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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calculate_correlations

Perform correlation analysis between spatial features and distance metrics with visualization

Description

Perform correlation analysis between spatial features and distance metrics with visualization

Usage

```
calculate_correlations(
  spatial_data,
  distance_results,
  spatial_feature,
  distance_metric,
  method = "pearson",
  plot = TRUE,
  plot_title = NULL
)
```

Arguments

spatial_data	Spatial data containing feature columns and Newbarcode identifier
distance_results	Distance results containing distance metrics and Newbarcode identifier
spatial_feature	Column name from spatial_data to use for correlation (e.g., "gen2_SPLIz_numeric")
distance_metric	Column name from distance_results to use for correlation (e.g., "Epithelial_cells_A")
method	Correlation method ("pearson", "spearman", "kendall")
plot	Logical, whether to generate a scatter plot
plot_title	Title for the scatter plot (optional)

Value

A list containing correlation results and ggplot object (if plot=TRUE)

Examples

```
calculate_correlations(spatial_data = posi,
                      distance_results = distance_results,
                      spatial_feature = "gen2_SPLIz_numeric",
                      distance_metric = "Epithelial_cells_A",
                      method = "pearson",
                      plot = TRUE,
                      plot_title = "Correlation between Gene Expression and Distance")
```

calculate_nearest_distances

Calculate nearest distances between cell types

Description

Calculate nearest distances between cell types

Usage

```
calculate_nearest_distances(
  spatial_data,
  reference_type,
  target_types,
  x_col = "pxl_row_in_fullres",
  y_col = "pxl_col_in_fullres",
  id_col = "barcode",
  type_col = "Epi_strom"
)
```

Arguments

spatial_data	A data frame containing spatial coordinates and cell type info
reference_type	The reference cell type to calculate distances from
target_types	Vector of target cell types to calculate distances to
x_col	Column name for x-coordinates
y_col	Column name for y-coordinates
id_col	Column name for cell identifiers
type_col	Column name for cell type information

Value

A data frame with nearest distances for each reference cell

Examples

```
calculate_nearest_distances(posi, reference_type="Macrophage",
                           target_types=c("Epithelial_cells_A", "Epithelial_cells_B",
                                         "Epithelial_cells_C", "Epithelial_cells_D"),
                           id_col = "Newbarcode",
                           type_col = "celltype_ABCDepi")
```

distance_results *distance_results*

Description

A data frame with nearest distances for each reference cell

Usage

```
data("distance_results")
```

Format

A data frame with 18 observations on the following 5 variables.

Newbarcode a character vector
 Epithelial_cells_A a numeric vector
 Epithelial_cells_B a numeric vector
 Epithelial_cells_C a numeric vector
 Epithelial_cells_D a numeric vector

Details

A data frame with nearest distances for each reference cell.

Source

This study.

References

Wang, Z., Yang, L., Yang, S., Li, G., Xu, M., Kong, B., Shao, C., & Liu, Z. (2025). Isoform switch of CD47 provokes macrophage-mediated pyroptosis in ovarian cancer. bioRxiv, 2025.2004.2017.649282. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.04.17.649282>

Examples

```
data(distance_results)
## maybe str(distance_results) ; plot(distance_results) ...
```

metadata

Metadata

Description

Metadata of a Seurat Object.

Usage

```
data("metadata")
```

Format

A data frame with 293 observations on the following 9 variables.

```
orig.ident    a character vector  
nCount_Spatial a numeric vector  
nFeature_Spatial a numeric vector  
nCount_SCT a numeric vector  
nFeature_SCT a numeric vector  
integrated_snn_res.0.8 a numeric vector  
seurat_clusters a numeric vector  
celltype_ABCDepi a character vector  
gen2_SPLIz_numeric a numeric vector
```

Details

Metadata dataframe can be exported from Seurat Object as follows. The Seurat Object should be fully annotated and the metadata dataframe should included: orig.ident, celltype, the target gene expression, splicing index (SpliZ), etc.

Source

This study.

References

Wang, Z., Yang, L., Yang, S., Li, G., Xu, M., Kong, B., Shao, C., & Liu, Z. (2025). Isoform switch of CD47 provokes macrophage-mediated pyroptosis in ovarian cancer. bioRxiv, 2025.2004.2017.649282. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.04.17.649282>

Examples

```
data(metadata)  
## maybe str(metadata) ; plot(metadata) ...
```

`normalize_spatial` *Normalize spatial coordinates*

Description

Normalize spatial coordinates

Usage

```
normalize_spatial(
  data,
  sample_col = "Sample",
  x_col = "pxl_row_in_fullres",
  y_col = "pxl_col_in_fullres",
  min_value = 1,
  max_value = 10000
)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	A data frame containing spatial coordinates
<code>sample_col</code>	Column name specifying sample IDs
<code>x_col</code>	Column name for x-coordinates
<code>y_col</code>	Column name for y-coordinates
<code>min_value</code>	Minimum value for normalization range
<code>max_value</code>	Maximum value for normalization range

Value

A data frame with normalized coordinates

Examples

```
tissue_posi_normalized<-normalize_spatial(tissue_posi)
```

`plot_distance_boxplot` *Visualize Nearest Neighbor Distances with Boxplot and Mean ± SEM*

Description

Creates a boxplot visualization of distance metrics with overlaid mean points and SEM error bars. Suitable for comparing multiple groups with potentially skewed distributions.

Usage

```
plot_distance_boxplot(
  distance_result,
  id_col = "barcode",
  show_points = FALSE,
  y_scale = c("original", "log10"),
  palette = "Set2"
)
```

Arguments

distance_result	A data.frame generated by calculate_nearest_distances(), containing distance measurements with columns: id_col + target_types.
id_col	Name of the column containing cell IDs (default: "barcode").
show_points	Logical, whether to overlay individual data points (default: FALSE).
y_scale	Method for y-axis scaling: "original" or "log10" (default: "original").
palette	Color palette name from RColorBrewer (default: "Set2").

Value

A ggplot2 object. Additional customization can be done using ggplot2 functions.

Examples

```
plot_distance_boxplot(distance_results,id_col = "Newbarcode")
```

plot_radial_distance *Radial Distance Visualization with Collision Avoidance*

Description

Creates a radial plot with automatic label placement to prevent overlaps between nodes and text labels.

Usage

```
plot_radial_distance(
  distance_result,
  reference_type,
  id_col = "barcode",
  scale_radius = 1,
  show_labels = TRUE,
  palette = "Set2",
  label_padding = 0.15,
  center_label_expansion = 1.5
)
```

Arguments

distance_result	Data.frame from calculate_nearest_distances()
reference_type	Name of the reference cell type (center node)
id_col	Name of ID column (default: "barcode")
scale_radius	Scaling factor for layout (default: 1)
show_labels	Whether to show distance labels (default: TRUE)
palette	Color palette name (default: "Set2")
label_padding	Radial padding for labels (default: 0.15)
center_label_expansion	Center expansion for labels (default: 1.5)

Value

A ggplot2 object

Examples

```
plot_radial_distance(distance_results,id_col = "Newbarcode",
                      reference_type = "Macrophages",label_padding = 0.3,
                      show_labels = TRUE,palette = "Dark2")
```

posi	<i>posi</i>
------	-------------

Description

Merged spatial location and metadata information.

Usage

```
data("posi")
```

Format

A data frame with 293 observations on the following 18 variables.

Newbarcode	a character vector
barcode	a character vector
in_tissue	a numeric vector
array_row	a numeric vector
array_col	a numeric vector
pxl_row_in_fullres	a numeric vector
pxl_col_in_fullres	a numeric vector

```
Sample a character vector  
Sampleid a numeric vector  
orig.ident a character vector  
nCount_Spatial a numeric vector  
nFeature_Spatial a numeric vector  
nCount_SCT a numeric vector  
nFeature_SCT a numeric vector  
integrated_snn_res.0.8 a numeric vector  
seurat_clusters a numeric vector  
celltype_ABCDepi a character vector  
gen2_SPLIz_numeric a numeric vector
```

Details

Merged spatial location and metadata information.

Source

This study.

References

Wang, Z., Yang, L., Yang, S., Li, G., Xu, M., Kong, B., Shao, C., & Liu, Z. (2025). Isoform switch of CD47 provokes macrophage-mediated pyroptosis in ovarian cancer. bioRxiv, 2025.2004.2017.649282. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.04.17.649282>

Examples

```
data(posi)  
## maybe str(posi) ; plot(posi) ...
```

tissue_posi

tissue_posi

Description

Position of the spots from spatial transcriptome data.

Usage

```
data("tissue_posi")
```

Format

A data frame with 9984 observations on the following 9 variables.

```
barcode  a character vector
in_tissue  a numeric vector
array_row  a numeric vector
array_col  a numeric vector
pxl_row_in_fullres  a numeric vector
pxl_col_in_fullres  a numeric vector
Sample  a character vector
Sampleid  a numeric vector
Newbarcode  a character vector
```

Details

Please find the tissue_positions.csv from the spaceranger output files: ./out/spatial/tissue_positions.csv
 Multiple samples should be merged together, adding "samples" and "Newbarcode" columns.

Source

This study.

References

Wang, Z., Yang, L., Yang, S., Li, G., Xu, M., Kong, B., Shao, C., & Liu, Z. (2025). Isoform switch of CD47 provokes macrophage-mediated pyroptosis in ovarian cancer. bioRxiv, 2025.2004.2017.649282. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.04.17.649282>

Examples

```
data(tissue_posi)
## maybe str(tissue_posi) ; plot(tissue_posi) ...
```

tissue_posi_normalized
tissue_posi_normalized

Description

Normalized tissue spots position.

Usage

```
data("tissue_posi_normalized")
```

Format

A data frame with 9984 observations on the following 9 variables.

```
barcode  a character vector  
in_tissue a numeric vector  
array_row a numeric vector  
array_col a numeric vector  
pxl_row_in_fullres a numeric vector  
pxl_col_in_fullres a numeric vector  
Sample a character vector  
Sampleid a numeric vector  
Newbarcode a character vector
```

Details

Normalized tissue spots position.

Source

This study.

References

Wang, Z., Yang, L., Yang, S., Li, G., Xu, M., Kong, B., Shao, C., & Liu, Z. (2025). Isoform switch of CD47 provokes macrophage-mediated pyroptosis in ovarian cancer. bioRxiv, 2025.2004.2017.649282. <https://doi.org/10.1101/2025.04.17.649282>

Examples

```
data(tissue_posi_normalized)  
## maybe str(tissue_posi_normalized) ; plot(tissue_posi_normalized) ...
```

```
visualize_spatial_gradient
```

Visualize spatial network with expression gradient

Description

Visualize spatial network with expression gradient

Usage

```
visualize_spatial_gradient(
  spatial_data,
  sample,
  gradient_type,
  fixed_type,
  expression_col = "gen2_SPLIz_numeric",
  x_col = "pxl_row_in_fullres",
  y_col = "pxl_col_in_fullres",
  type_col = "Epi_strom",
  fixed_color = "#A9C6D9",
  line_color = "#666666",
  gradient_palette = "C",
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 0.8,
  line_width = 0.3,
  line_alpha = 0.6,
  show_legend = TRUE,
  legend_title = "Expression",
  grid_major_color = "gray90",
  grid_minor_color = "gray95",
  border_color = "black",
  background_color = "white"
)
```

Arguments

<code>spatial_data</code>	Spatial coordinates data frame containing cell types and expression values
<code>sample</code>	Sample name in the spatial transcriptome data
<code>gradient_type</code>	Cell type to show with expression gradient coloring
<code>fixed_type</code>	Cell type to show in fixed color (default gray)
<code>expression_col</code>	Column name containing expression values (default "gen2_SPLIz_numeric")
<code>x_col</code>	Column name for x-coordinates (default "pxl_row_in_fullres")
<code>y_col</code>	Column name for y-coordinates (default "pxl_col_in_fullres")
<code>type_col</code>	Column name for cell type information (default "Epi_strom")
<code>fixed_color</code>	Color for the fixed cell type (default "#A9C6D9" - light gray-blue)
<code>line_color</code>	Color for connection lines (default "#666666" - dark gray)
<code>gradient_palette</code>	Color palette for expression gradient (default viridis option "C")
<code>point_size</code>	Size of points (default 1)
<code>point_alpha</code>	Transparency of points (default 0.8)
<code>line_width</code>	Width of connection lines (default 0.3)
<code>line_alpha</code>	Transparency of connection lines (default 0.6)
<code>show_legend</code>	Logical whether to show legend (default TRUE)

```

legend_title      Title for the legend (default "Expression")
grid_major_color           Color for major grid lines (default "gray90")
grid_minor_color           Color for minor grid lines (default "gray95")
border_color      Color for plot border (default "black")
background_color          Color for plot background (default "white")

```

Value

A ggplot object showing the spatial relationships with expression gradient

Examples

```
visualize_spatial_gradient(spatial_data = posi,
                           sample="SP8",
                           gradient_type = "Epithelial_cells_A",
                           fixed_type = "Macrophage",
                           expression_col = "gen2_SPLIz_numeric",
                           type_col = "celltype_ABCDepi",
                           legend_title = "Expression",
                           background_color = "white")
```

visualize_spatial_multinetwork

Visualize spatial relationships between multiple cell types

Description

Visualize spatial relationships between multiple cell types

Usage

```
visualize_spatial_multinetwork(
  spatial_data,
  sample,
  reference_type,
  target_types,
  x_col = "pxl_row_in_fullres",
  y_col = "pxl_col_in_fullres",
  type_col = "Epi_strom",
  color_palette = NULL,
  point_alpha = 0.7,
  line_alpha = 0.5,
  point_size = 1.5,
  line_width = 0.3,
  show_legend = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

spatial_data	Spatial coordinates data frame
sample	Sample name in the spatial transcriptome data
reference_type	Reference cell type (character vector of length 1)
target_types	Target cell type(s) (character vector of 1 or more)
x_col	Column name for x-coordinates
y_col	Column name for y-coordinates
type_col	Column name for cell type information
color_palette	Named vector of colors for cell types
point_alpha	Transparency level for points
line_alpha	Transparency level for connection lines
point_size	Size of points in plot
line_width	Width of connection lines
show_legend	Logical, whether to show legend

Value

A ggplot object showing the spatial relationships

Examples

```
visualize_spatial_multinetwork(posi, sample="SP8", reference_type="Macrophage",
                               target_type=c("Epithelial_cells_A", "Epithelial_cells_B"),
                               type_col = "celltype_ABCDepi")
```

visualize_spatial_network

Visualize spatial relationships between cell types

Description

Visualize spatial relationships between cell types

Usage

```
visualize_spatial_network(
  spatial_data,
  sample,
  reference_type,
  target_type,
  x_col = "pxl_row_in_fullres",
  y_col = "pxl_col_in_fullres",
  type_col = "Epi_strom",
  color_palette = c(Macrophage = "#90ee90", Epithelial_cells_A = "#377EB8"),
  alpha = 0.7
)
```

Arguments

<code>spatial_data</code>	Spatial coordinates data frame
<code>sample</code>	Sample name in the spatial transcriptome data
<code>reference_type</code>	Reference cell type
<code>target_type</code>	Target cell type
<code>x_col</code>	Column name for x-coordinates
<code>y_col</code>	Column name for y-coordinates
<code>type_col</code>	Column name for cell type information
<code>color_palette</code>	Named vector of colors for cell types
<code>alpha</code>	Transparency level for points and lines

Value

A ggplot object showing the spatial relationships

Examples

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