

Package ‘SMASH’

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Type Package

Title Subclone Multiplicity Allocation and Somatic Heterogeneity

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Description

Cluster user-supplied somatic read counts with corresponding allele-specific copy number and tumor purity to infer feasible underlying intra-tumor heterogeneity in terms of number of subclones, multiplicity, and allocation (Little et al. (2019) <[doi:10.1186/s13073-019-0643-9](https://doi.org/10.1186/s13073-019-0643-9)>).

License GPL (>= 3)

Imports Rcpp, stats, smarter, reshape2, ggplot2

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 2.10)

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests knitr, devtools

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation yes

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eS*A collection of pre-defined subclone configurations.*

Description

A R list containing subclone configurations in matrix form for 1 to 5 subclones. For each matrix, each column corresponds to a subclone and each row corresponds to a variant's allocation across all subclones. For example, the first row of each matrix is a vector of 1's to represent clonal variants, variants present in all subclones.

Usage

eS

Format

An object of class `list` of length 5.

genITH_RD*genITH_RD*

Description

Simulates observed alternate and reference read counts

Usage

```
genITH_RD(DATA, RD)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------|--|
| DATA | The output <code>data.frame</code> from <code>gen_subj_truth</code> |
| RD | A positive integer for the mean read depth generated from the negative binomial distribution |

Value

A matrix of simulated alternate and reference read counts.

gen_subj_truth	<i>gen_subj_truth</i>
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Description

Simulates copy number states, multiplicities, allocations

Usage

```
gen_subj_truth(mat_eS, maxLOCI, nCN = NULL)
```

Arguments

mat_eS	A subclone configuration matrix pre-defined in R list eS
maxLOCI	A positive integer number of simulated somatic variant calls
nCN	A positive integer for the number of allelic copy number pairings to sample from. If NULL, it will be randomly sampled between 1 and 5.

Value

A list containing the following components:

subj_truth	dataframe of each variant's simulated minor (CN_1) and major (CN_2) copy number states, total copy number (tCN), subclone allocation (true_A), multiplicity (true_M), mutant allele frequency (true_MAF), and cellular prevalence (true_CP)
purity	tumor purity
eta	the product of tumor purity and subclone proportions
q	vector of subclone proportions

grid_ITH_optim	<i>grid_ITH_optim</i>
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Description

This function performs a grid search over enumerated configurations within the pre-defined list eS

Usage

```
grid_ITH_optim(
  my_data,
  my_purity,
  list_eS,
  pi_eps0 = NULL,
  trials = 20,
  max_iter = 4000,
  my_epsilon = 1e-06
)
```

Arguments

<code>my_data</code>	A R dataframe containing the following columns: <code>tAD</code> tumor alternate read counts <code>tRD</code> tumor reference read counts <code>CN_1</code> minor allele count <code>CN_2</code> major allele count, where <code>CN_1 <= CN_2</code> <code>tCN</code> <code>CN_1 + CN_2</code>
<code>my_purity</code>	A single numeric value of known/estimated purity
<code>list_eS</code>	A nested list of subclone configuration matrices
<code>pi_eps0</code>	A user-specified parameter denoting the proportion of loci not explained by the combinations of purity, copy number, multiplicity, and allocation. If <code>NULL</code> , it is initialized at <code>1e-3</code> . If set to <code>0.0</code> , the parameter is not estimated.
<code>trials</code>	Positive integer, number of random initializations of subclone proportions
<code>max_iter</code>	Positive integer, preferably 1000 or more, setting the maximum number of iterations
<code>my_epsilon</code>	Convergence criterion threshold for changes in the log likelihood, preferably <code>1e-6</code> or smaller

Value

A R list containing two objects. `GRID` is a dataframe where each row denotes a feasible subclone configuration with corresponding subclone proportion estimates `q` and somatic variant allocations `alloc`. `INFER` is a list where `INFER[[i]]` corresponds to the `i`-th row or model of `GRID`.

`ITH_optim`

ITH_optim

Description

Performs EM algorithm for a given configuration matrix

Usage

```
ITH_optim(
  my_data,
  my_purity,
  init_eS,
  pi_eps0 = NULL,
  my_unc_q = NULL,
  max_iter = 4000,
  my_epsilon = 1e-06
)
```

Arguments

<code>my_data</code>	A R dataframe containing the following columns: <code>tAD</code> tumor alternate read counts <code>tRD</code> tumor reference read counts <code>CN_1</code> minor allele count <code>CN_2</code> major allele count, where <code>CN_1 <= CN_2</code> <code>tCN</code> <code>CN_1 + CN_2</code>
<code>my_purity</code>	A single numeric value of known/estimated purity
<code>init_eS</code>	A subclone configuration matrix pre-defined in R list <code>eS</code>
<code>pi_eps0</code>	A user-specified parameter denoting the proportion of loci not explained by the combinations of purity, copy number, multiplicity, and allocation. If <code>NULL</code> , it is initialized at <code>1e-3</code> . If set to <code>0.0</code> , the parameter is not estimated.
<code>my_unc_q</code>	An optimal initial vector for the unconstrained <code>q</code> vector, useful after running <code>grid_ITH_optim</code> . If this variable is <code>NULL</code> , then the subclone proportions, <code>q</code> , are randomly initialized. For instance, if <code>my_unc_q = (x1, x2)</code> , then <code>q = (exp(x1) / (1 + exp(x1) + exp(x2)), exp(x2) / (1 + exp(x1) + exp(x2)), 1 / (1 + exp(x1) + exp(x2)))</code> .
<code>max_iter</code>	Positive integer, preferably 1000 or more, setting the maximum number of iterations
<code>my_epsilon</code>	Convergence criterion threshold for changes in the log likelihood, preferably <code>1e-6</code> or smaller

Value

If the EM algorithm converges, the output will be a list containing

```

iter number of iterations
converge convergence status
unc_q0 initial unconstrained subclone proportions parameter
unc_q unconstrained estimate of q
q estimated subclone proportions among cancer cells
CN_MA_pi estimated mixture probabilities of multiplicities and allocations given copy number states
eta estimated subclone proportion among tumor cells
purity user-inputted tumor purity
entropy estimated entropy
infer A R dataframe containing inferred variant allocations (infer_A), multiplicities (infer_M), cellular prevalences (infer_CP).
ms model size, number of parameters within parameter space
LL The observed log likelihood evaluated at maximum likelihood estimates.
AIC =  $2 * LL - 2 * ms$  Negative AIC, used for model selection
BIC =  $2 * LL - ms * \log(LOCI)$  Negative BIC, used for model selection
LOCI The number of inputted somatic variants.
```

vis_GRID

vis_GRID

Description

A simple visualization of SMASH's grid of solutions

Usage

```
vis_GRID(GRID)
```

Arguments

GRID	The GRID object output from <code>gridITH_optim</code> .
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Value

A ggplot object for data visualization

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